

Agree Disagree topic

1. Healthcare and education are two important aspects of a nation and its population. Therefore, education and healthcare should be free of charge and funded by the government. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1 – Free education creates equal opportunities

- **Why?** Poor families may not be able to afford school or university fees.
- **How?** Government-funded education allows children from all social backgrounds to receive proper schooling.
- **Result?** This reduces social inequality and creates a more skilled workforce.
- **Example:** In Bangladesh, free primary education can encourage children from low-income families to remain in school instead of entering the workforce early.

Reason 2 – Free healthcare protects public health

- **Why?** Medical treatment can be extremely expensive, especially for serious illnesses.
- **How?** Government-funded healthcare allows people to receive treatment when they need it rather than avoiding hospitals because of cost.
- **Result?** This can reduce preventable deaths and improve the overall health of the population.
- **Example:** During an infectious disease outbreak, free vaccination and treatment can prevent diseases from spreading widely.

An advertisement banner for IELTSBD. On the left, a laptop displays the IELTSBD website with the text 'We do inspiration.' and 'Why You Should Join Us'. The background is a solid red color. In the center, white Bengali text reads '১১০০ টাকায় ৩ মাসের এক্সেস' (Access for 3 months for 1100 Taka). To the right, a yellow button contains the Bengali text 'এখনই এনরোল করুন' (Enroll now). Below the button is a globe icon and the website address 'www.ieltsbd.co'.

2. Governments should spend more money on education than on recreation and sports. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1 – Education strengthens the economy

- **Why?** A well-educated population has better knowledge and professional skills.
- **How?** Government investment can improve schools, universities, teacher training and vocational programmes.
- **Result?** This creates a more skilled workforce, increases productivity and contributes to economic growth.
- **Example:** If a government spends more on science and technical education, students can acquire skills needed in fields such as engineering, medicine and information technology.

Reason 2 – Education has a wider and longer-lasting social impact

- **Why?** Education can improve people's decision-making, awareness and ability to solve problems.
- **How?** Schools teach not only academic subjects but also social responsibility, health awareness and critical thinking.
- **Result?** This can produce responsible citizens and reduce problems such as unemployment, poverty and crime.
- **Example:** Providing high-quality public education in disadvantaged areas can give children better career opportunities and help break the cycle of poverty.

3. As computers are being used more and more in education, there will soon be no role for teachers in the classroom. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Strongly disagree

Reason 1 – Teachers provide personalised guidance

- **Why?** Students have different abilities, learning styles and weaknesses.
- **How?** Teachers can observe students, identify their difficulties and adjust their explanations immediately.
- **Result?** Students can understand difficult concepts more effectively.
- **Example:** If a student cannot understand a mathematical formula from an online lesson, a teacher can explain it using a simpler method and give a relevant example.

Reason 2 – Teachers develop social and emotional skills

- **Why?** Education is not only about academic knowledge.
- **How?** Teachers encourage discussion, teamwork, confidence and discipline, while computers mainly provide information.
- **Result?** Students become better communicators and more socially responsible.

- **Example:** During a group project, a teacher can resolve disagreements, encourage shy students to participate and teach them how to cooperate

4. Modern technology plays a vital role in preventing and solving crimes in society. Do you agree or disagree?

I AGREE

Reason 1: Surveillance helps prevent crime

- **Why?** Criminals are less likely to commit offences when they know they can be identified.
- **How?** CCTV cameras, alarms and tracking systems monitor public and private spaces.
- **Result:** These technologies can deter criminal behaviour.
- **Example:** CCTV footage can help police identify a person involved in theft or vandalism.

Reason 2: Technology provides evidence

- **Why?** Modern crimes often leave digital traces.
- **How?** Police can analyse CCTV footage, fingerprints, phone records and online evidence.
- **Result:** Investigations become faster and more accurate.
- **Example:** Digital evidence from a suspect's phone can help investigators establish where and when a crime occurred.

5. A major aim of scientific research should be to protect the environment. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Strongly agree

Reason 1 – Scientific research can solve environmental problems

- **Why?** Pollution, climate change and biodiversity loss are becoming increasingly serious.
- **How?** Scientists can develop renewable energy, cleaner technology and methods of reducing pollution.
- **Result?** Countries can reduce environmental damage while maintaining economic development.

- **Example:** Research into solar and wind power can help countries reduce their dependence on fossil fuels and lower greenhouse-gas emissions.

Reason 2 – Environmental protection safeguards human life and future generations

- **Why?** Humans depend on clean air, water, fertile soil and stable ecosystems.
- **How?** Scientific research can identify environmental risks and develop ways to conserve natural resources.
- **Result?** This can improve public health and ensure that future generations have access to essential resources.
- **Example:** Research into water purification can provide safe drinking water in areas affected by industrial or agricultural pollution.

6. While the internet brings clear advantages, the problems in terms of control and security of information outweigh its advantages. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

I DISAGREE

Reason 1: The internet provides enormous access to information

- **Why?** People can access educational and professional information instantly.
- **How?** Search engines, online courses and digital libraries make knowledge widely available.
- **Result:** Students and workers can learn more independently.
- **Example:** A student in Bangladesh can take an online course from a foreign university without travelling abroad.

Reason 2: Security problems can be controlled

- **Why?** Governments and companies can introduce cybersecurity measures.
- **How?** Encryption, two-factor authentication and data-protection laws can reduce risks.
- **Result:** People can enjoy the benefits of the internet more safely.
- **Example:** Banks use multiple security systems to protect customers' online transactions.

7. The best way to reduce youth crime is to educate parents with parental skills. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

I AGREE

Reason 1: Parents strongly influence children's behaviour

- **Why?** Children learn many behaviours from their parents.
- **How?** Effective parenting teaches discipline, responsibility and respect.
- **Result:** Children may be less likely to engage in antisocial behaviour.
- **Example:** Parents who set clear boundaries and communicate regularly with teenagers can identify behavioural problems before they become serious.

Reason 2: Early intervention is more effective

- **Why?** Criminal behaviour can develop from unresolved family and behavioural problems.
- **How?** Parenting programmes can teach parents how to recognise warning signs.
- **Result:** Problems can be addressed before young people become involved in crime.
- **Example:** A parenting course can teach parents how to manage aggression and monitor their children's peer groups.

8. Some people believe that tourists should accept social and environmental responsibility while others believe that tourists should not accept any responsibility. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

I AGREE

Reason 1: Tourism can damage natural environments

- **Why?** Large numbers of visitors can create waste and damage ecosystems.
- **How?** Tourists may litter, disturb wildlife or consume excessive resources.
- **Result:** Natural attractions can deteriorate.
- **Example:** Plastic waste left by visitors can pollute beaches and harm marine animals.

Reason 2: Tourists influence local communities

- **Why?** Visitors interact with local people and cultures.
- **How?** Respectful behaviour helps preserve local traditions.
- **Result:** Tourism becomes more sustainable and beneficial.
- **Example:** Tourists who respect local dress codes and customs are more likely to have positive relationships with residents.

9. There are many ways of preventing crimes that are much better than prison. Do you agree or disagree?

I AGREE

Reason 1: Rehabilitation can address the causes of crime

- **Why?** Some criminals commit offences because of addiction, poor education or lack of employment.
- **How?** Counselling, education and vocational training can address these problems.
- **Result:** Offenders may be less likely to reoffend.
- **Example:** A former offender who receives job training may find stable employment instead of returning to illegal activities.

Reason 2: Prevention is better than punishment

- **Why?** Preventing crime protects society before victims are harmed.
- **How?** Governments can improve education, employment opportunities and community programmes.
- **Result:** The underlying causes of crime can be reduced.
- **Example:** Youth employment programmes can keep disadvantaged teenagers engaged in productive activities.

10. In the future, more people will choose to go on holiday in their own country rather than travel abroad. Do you agree or disagree?

I AGREE

Reason 1: Domestic travel is cheaper

- **Why?** International holidays involve flights, visas and foreign accommodation.
- **How?** Travelling within one's own country eliminates many of these costs.
- **Result:** Domestic holidays become accessible to more people.
- **Example:** A Bangladeshi family may choose Cox's Bazar or Bandarban rather than spending much more on an overseas trip.

Reason 2: Domestic tourism is more convenient

- **Why?** Travellers do not have to deal with visas, foreign currencies or language barriers.
- **How?** They can travel using familiar transport systems and communicate easily.
- **Result:** Holiday planning becomes simpler.

- **Example:** A family can spontaneously travel to a nearby tourist destination without waiting for visa approval.

11. Children should begin learning a foreign language at primary school rather than secondary school. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Children can learn languages more naturally at a young age

- **Why?** Young children have a greater ability to imitate unfamiliar sounds and remember new vocabulary.
- **How?** If they start learning a foreign language in primary school, they can practise pronunciation, basic grammar and everyday expressions gradually through games and classroom activities.
- **Result:** They are more likely to develop natural pronunciation and long-term language proficiency.
- **Example:** For example, a seven-year-old child who regularly speaks English in simple classroom activities may develop much more natural pronunciation than a student who starts learning it at the age of fifteen.

Reason 2: Early language learning improves communication and academic skills

- **Why?** Learning another language exposes children to different words, sentence structures and ways of expressing ideas.
- **How?** They have to compare their native language with the foreign language, which strengthens memory, concentration and problem-solving abilities.
- **Result:** These skills can benefit them not only in language classes but also in other academic subjects.
- **Example:** For instance, a child who learns English from primary school may gradually become better at remembering information and communicating ideas, which can help them perform more effectively in later education.

12. Schools should teach children how to become good members of society rather than focus mainly on academic achievement. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Schools should develop responsible citizens

- **Why?** Academic knowledge alone cannot teach children how to behave responsibly.
- **How?** Schools can teach respect, honesty, cooperation and social responsibility through lessons and activities.
- **Result:** Children become responsible adults who contribute positively to society.
- **Example:** Community-service activities can teach students to help others and take responsibility for their surroundings.

Reason 2: Social skills are essential for real life

- **Why?** Success in life depends not only on exam results but also on communication and teamwork.
- **How?** Schools can organise group projects, debates and teamwork activities.
- **Result:** Students become better communicators and can work effectively with others.
- **Example:** A group project requires students to share responsibilities, solve disagreements and work towards a common goal.

13. People should be encouraged to exercise regularly because this is the best way to improve public health. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Exercise prevents many health problems

- **Why?** Regular physical activity improves fitness and reduces the risk of obesity and chronic diseases.
- **How?** Exercise strengthens the heart, improves circulation and helps people maintain a healthy weight.
- **Result:** Fewer people suffer from preventable illnesses, reducing pressure on healthcare systems.
- **Example:** People who walk, cycle or exercise regularly are generally less likely to develop obesity and lifestyle-related health problems.

Reason 2: Exercise improves mental health

- **Why?** Modern lifestyles often involve stress, inactivity and long working hours.
- **How?** Physical activity can reduce stress and improve mood and overall well-being.
- **Result:** People become mentally healthier and may have a better quality of life.
- **Example:** Encouraging office workers to take daily walks or participate in workplace fitness programmes can help reduce stress and improve their well-being.

14. Parents should be taught parenting skills before they have children. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Parenting education prepares parents for responsibilities

- **Why?** Raising a child requires knowledge about physical, emotional and psychological development.
- **How?** Parenting courses can teach parents about nutrition, discipline, communication and child safety.
- **Result:** Parents can make better decisions and avoid common mistakes.
- **Example:** A parenting course could teach new parents how to establish healthy routines and respond appropriately to a child's emotional needs.

Reason 2: It can improve children's emotional and social development

- **Why?** Children's behaviour and confidence are strongly influenced by how their parents treat them.
- **How?** Parents can learn positive discipline, active listening and effective communication instead of using harsh punishment.
- **Result:** Children are more likely to become confident, emotionally stable and respectful adults.
- **Example:** If parents learn how to deal calmly with a child's tantrums, they can teach the child to control emotions rather than responding with physical punishment.



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15. Prevention is better than cure, so governments should spend more money on preventive healthcare. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Preventive healthcare reduces serious diseases

- **Why?** Many illnesses can be prevented or detected early.
- **How?** Governments can fund vaccinations, health screenings and public awareness campaigns.
- **Result:** Fewer people develop serious diseases, and hospitals face less pressure.
- **Example:** Regular screening for diabetes or high blood pressure can identify problems early and allow people to change their lifestyle before their condition becomes severe.

Reason 2: Prevention is more cost-effective

- **Why?** Treating advanced diseases is usually more expensive than preventing them.
- **How?** Governments can invest in exercise programmes, healthy-eating campaigns and anti-smoking initiatives.
- **Result:** Healthcare expenditure can fall in the long term, while the population becomes healthier.
- **Example:** Funding anti-smoking campaigns can reduce smoking-related diseases and therefore lower the future cost of treating lung and heart problems.

16. Advertising of unhealthy foods should be banned. Do you agree or disagree?

I Agree

Reason 1: Unhealthy-food advertising encourages unhealthy eating

- **Why?** Children and young people are easily influenced by attractive advertisements.
- **How?** Advertisements use colourful packaging, celebrities, cartoons and special offers to make unhealthy products appealing.
- **Result?** People may consume more fast food, sugary drinks and processed snacks, increasing the risk of obesity and other health problems.
- **Example:** If children repeatedly see advertisements for sugary cereals or fast food during children's programmes, they may pressure their parents to buy these products.

Reason 2: A ban can reduce the burden on public healthcare

- **Why?** Excessive consumption of unhealthy food can contribute to lifestyle-related diseases.
- **How?** Restricting advertisements reduces people's exposure to messages encouraging them to buy such products.
- **Result?** People may make healthier choices, reducing future healthcare costs.
- **Example:** Limiting advertisements for sugary drinks near schools could discourage children from regularly consuming these beverages.

17. Governments should make people responsible for their own health rather than provide free healthcare. Do you agree or disagree?

Strongly Disagree

Reason 1: Free healthcare is necessary for equal access

- **Why?** Not everyone can afford medical treatment, especially low-income families.
- **How?** Governments can provide free or subsidised hospitals, medicines and basic treatment.
- **Result:** Everyone can receive necessary healthcare regardless of their income, which creates a healthier and fairer society.
- **Example:** A poor family with a seriously ill child may be unable to afford expensive treatment, so government-funded healthcare can ensure that the child receives proper medical attention.

Reason 2: Some health problems are beyond people's control

- **Why?** People can become ill because of genetic conditions, accidents, infections or environmental factors.
- **How?** Government-funded healthcare can provide treatment and emergency services when these unexpected problems occur.
- **Result:** People can recover without facing severe financial difficulties.
- **Example:** If someone is seriously injured in a road accident, they should receive emergency treatment even if they cannot afford the medical expenses.

18. The advantages of modern technology outweigh its disadvantages. Do you agree or disagree?

Strongly Agree

Reason 1: Technology makes life easier and more efficient

- **Why?** Modern technology allows people to complete tasks much faster and more conveniently.
- **How?** Smartphones, computers and online services help people communicate, study, work and manage daily activities from almost anywhere.
- **Result:** People can save time and effort and become more productive.
- **Example:** Online banking allows people to transfer money and pay bills without visiting a bank.

Reason 2: Technology improves education and healthcare

- **Why?** People now have better access to information and medical services.
- **How?** Students can use online courses and educational resources, while doctors can use advanced equipment to diagnose and treat diseases.
- **Result:** Education becomes more accessible and healthcare becomes more effective.
- **Example:** A student living in a rural area can attend an online course taught by a qualified teacher from another city.

19. Scientific research should be controlled by governments rather than private companies. Do you agree or disagree?

strongly agree

Reason 1: Government control can protect public interests

- **Why?** Private companies may focus mainly on profit rather than society's needs.
- **How?** Governments can set rules about which areas of research should be prioritised and ensure that research is conducted ethically.
- **Result:** Scientific discoveries are more likely to benefit the wider population rather than only wealthy customers or shareholders.
- **Example:** Governments can fund research into affordable medicines for diseases that mainly affect low-income communities, even when such research may not be highly profitable.

Reason 2: Government control can prevent dangerous or unethical research

- **Why?** Some scientific experiments can create serious risks to humans, animals or the environment.
- **How?** Governments can introduce strict regulations, safety standards and ethical approval procedures.
- **Result:** Researchers are less likely to conduct experiments that could cause serious harm.
- **Example:** Research involving potentially dangerous biological materials can be subject to strict government safety regulations to prevent accidental leaks or misuse.

20. People rely too much on technology and this is making them less independent. Do you agree or disagree?

Strongly Agree

Reason 1: Technology makes people dependent on devices

- **Why?** People increasingly use technology to perform tasks that they could previously do themselves.
- **How?** GPS, calculators, search engines and AI tools provide immediate solutions and reduce the need to remember information or solve problems independently.
- **Result:** People may gradually lose their problem-solving skills and become less confident when technology is unavailable.
- **Example:** Someone who always uses GPS may struggle to find a familiar destination if their phone loses its internet connection.

Reason 2: Technology reduces people's ability to handle everyday tasks

- **Why?** Many daily activities are now automated or completed through digital services.
- **How?** People can order food, shop online, make payments and communicate without dealing with situations directly.
- **Result:** They may become less capable of managing problems on their own and less willing to make independent decisions.
- **Example:** A person who always orders groceries online may find it difficult to manage basic shopping independently when digital services are unavailable.

20. The best way to solve environmental problems is to increase the cost of fuel for cars and other vehicles. Do you agree or disagree?

I Disagree

Reason 1: There are better ways to reduce vehicle pollution

- **Why?** Simply making fuel expensive does not eliminate people's need for transportation.
- **How?** Governments can invest in reliable public transport and promote electric vehicles.
- **Result:** People can reduce their dependence on petrol and diesel without facing higher living costs.
- **Example:** If a city provides affordable buses and trains, commuters may leave their cars at home and use public transport instead.

Reason 2: Environmental problems have many different causes

- **Why?** Pollution is not caused only by cars and other vehicles.
- **How?** Governments should also control industrial pollution, protect forests and promote renewable energy.
- **Result:** These combined measures can address environmental problems more comprehensively.
- **Example:** Governments can impose strict emission standards on factories and invest in solar and wind energy to reduce pollution from multiple sources.

21. Protecting endangered animals is more important than protecting the environment as a whole. Do you agree or disagree?

Strongly Disagree

Reason 1: A healthy environment is essential for all species

- **Why?** Animals depend on forests, rivers, oceans and other natural habitats for food and survival.
- **How?** Protecting ecosystems preserves animals' habitats and prevents pollution and habitat destruction.
- **Result:** Not only endangered animals but also thousands of other species can survive.
- **Example:** Protecting a forest from deforestation can preserve the habitat of endangered animals such as elephants while also protecting birds, insects and plants.

Reason 2: Environmental protection addresses the root causes of extinction

- **Why?** Many animals become endangered because of pollution, climate change, deforestation and habitat loss.
- **How?** Governments can reduce pollution, protect forests, control carbon emissions and establish protected areas.
- **Result:** The causes of population decline can be reduced, allowing endangered species to recover naturally.
- **Example:** Reducing plastic pollution in oceans can protect endangered marine animals while also benefiting fish, seabirds and other marine organisms.

22. Longer prison sentences are the best way to reduce crime. Do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Rehabilitation is more effective than simply increasing prison time

- **Why?** Many criminals commit offences because of poor decision-making, addiction or a lack of social skills.
- **How?** Prisons can provide counselling, education, vocational training and rehabilitation programmes.
- **Result:** Offenders can change their behaviour and are less likely to commit crimes after release.
- **Example:** A prisoner who receives vocational training can learn a useful skill and find legitimate employment after leaving prison instead of returning to criminal activities.

Reason 2: Preventing crime is better than relying on punishment

- **Why?** Crime is often linked to unemployment, poverty and a lack of educational opportunities.
- **How?** Governments can provide better education, job training and employment opportunities for disadvantaged people.
- **Result:** People have more legitimate ways to earn a living, which can reduce the motivation to commit crimes.
- **Example:** Providing vocational training and job opportunities for unemployed young people can discourage them from becoming involved in theft or other illegal activities.

23. Governments should introduce stricter laws to reduce pollution caused by private vehicles. Do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Stricter laws can reduce vehicle emissions

- **Why?** Private cars and other vehicles release harmful gases into the atmosphere.
- **How?** Governments can introduce strict emission standards, compulsory vehicle inspections and penalties for highly polluting vehicles.
- **Result:** People and manufacturers will have greater incentives to use cleaner vehicles and maintain their cars properly, reducing air pollution.
- **Example:** If older vehicles fail compulsory emissions tests, their owners may have to repair or replace them, which can reduce the number of highly polluting vehicles on the roads.

Reason 2: Stricter laws can encourage people to use cleaner alternatives

- **Why?** Many people use private cars because they are convenient.
- **How?** Governments can impose congestion charges or higher taxes on high-emission vehicles while improving public transport and cycling infrastructure.
- **Result:** People may reduce unnecessary car journeys and choose cleaner forms of transportation.
- **Example:** If driving into a busy city centre becomes expensive while buses and trains remain affordable and reliable, commuters may switch to public transport.

24. International tourism has more negative effects than positive effects on local communities. Do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Tourism creates jobs and increases local income

- **Why?** International tourists spend money on accommodation, food, transport, shopping and entertainment.
- **How?** This creates employment in hotels, restaurants, transport services and local businesses.
- **Result:** Local people can earn a stable income and the overall economy of the community can improve.
- **Example:** In a tourist destination such as Cox's Bazar, local residents can earn money by working in hotels, restaurants, transport services and shops that serve visitors.

Reason 2: Tourism promotes cultural exchange and improves local infrastructure

- **Why?** International visitors are interested in local traditions, food, history and lifestyles.
- **How?** Tourism encourages communities to preserve cultural attractions, while governments may invest in roads, public transport and other facilities to attract visitors.
- **Result:** Local traditions can receive greater recognition and residents can benefit from improved infrastructure.
- **Example:** A traditional cultural festival may attract international tourists, encouraging local communities to preserve traditional music, crafts and food.

25. Criminals should be given the opportunity to receive education and training while in prison. Do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Education and training reduce reoffending

- **Why?** Many prisoners lack education, qualifications or useful job skills.
- **How?** Prisons can provide literacy classes, vocational training and practical skills.
- **Result:** After release, offenders can find legal employment instead of returning to crime.
- **Example:** A prisoner who learns tailoring, computer skills or electrical work can use that skill to earn a legitimate income after leaving prison.

Reason 2: Education helps criminals change their behaviour

- **Why?** Some offenders may have poor decision-making skills or difficulty controlling their behaviour.
- **How?** Educational programmes, counselling and social-skills training can help them understand the consequences of their actions.
- **Result:** They can become more responsible and are less likely to commit another offence.
- **Example:** A rehabilitation programme that teaches prisoners conflict resolution can help them deal with disagreements peacefully rather than using violence.

26. Governments should invest more in attracting international tourists than in encouraging domestic tourism. Do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Domestic tourism supports local businesses

- **Why?** Local tourists regularly spend money on hotels, restaurants, transport and tourist attractions.

- **How?** Governments can promote local destinations through affordable travel programmes, better roads and public facilities.
 - **Result:** Money remains within the national economy and supports local businesses and jobs.
 - **Example:** If Bangladeshi people travel to Cox's Bazar, Sylhet or Bandarban, they spend money on local hotels, restaurants, transport and shops, directly supporting local communities.
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- **Reason 2: Domestic tourism is more stable and sustainable**
 - **Why?** International tourism can be affected by economic crises, political problems, pandemics and travel restrictions.
 - **How?** Encouraging residents to travel within their own country creates a reliable source of tourism income.
 - **Result:** Tourism businesses can remain active even when international visitor numbers decline.
 - **Example:** During international travel restrictions, hotels and tourist destinations that depended heavily on foreign visitors suffered, whereas domestic travellers could still support local tourism where travel was permitted.

27. Employees should be allowed to choose whether they work from home or in an office. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Strongly Agree

Reason 1: Flexible working improves employee productivity

- **Why?** Employees have different working styles and may perform better in different environments.
- **How?** Allowing them to choose between home and office enables them to work in an environment where they can concentrate most effectively.
- **Result:** They may become more productive, motivated and satisfied with their jobs.
- **Example:** An employee who needs a quiet environment for tasks such as writing or programming may complete work more efficiently at home.

Reason 2: Flexible working improves work-life balance

- **Why?** Commuting to and from work can consume considerable time and cause stress.

- **How?** Employees who work from home can save commuting time and use it for family responsibilities, exercise or rest.
- **Result:** They can maintain a healthier work-life balance and may experience less stress.
- **Example:** A parent who works from home can avoid a long daily commute and use that time to look after their children before and after working hours.

28. It is better for young people to gain work experience before beginning university. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Work experience develops practical skills

- **Why?** Academic education mainly provides theoretical knowledge, while workplaces teach practical skills.
- **How?** Young people can learn communication, teamwork, time management and problem-solving by working.
- **Result:** They become more mature and better prepared for university and future careers.
- **Example:** A young person working part-time in a shop can learn how to communicate with customers, handle problems and manage responsibilities.

Reason 2: Work experience helps young people choose the right degree

- **Why?** Many young people are unsure about what they want to study at university.
- **How?** Working in a particular field allows them to understand what the job is actually like.
- **Result:** They can choose a university subject based on real experience rather than making an uninformed decision.
- **Example:** Someone interested in business could work in a company before university and discover whether they genuinely enjoy marketing, finance or customer management.

29. Job satisfaction is more important than earning a high salary. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Job satisfaction improves mental well-being

- **Why?** People spend a large part of their lives at work, so an enjoyable job can make their daily lives more positive.
- **How?** When employees enjoy their responsibilities and feel valued, they are likely to experience less stress and greater motivation.
- **Result:** They can maintain better mental well-being and have a better overall quality of life.
- **Example:** A teacher who enjoys helping students may feel fulfilled and motivated even if their salary is lower than that of someone working in a highly stressful, high-paying job.

Reason 2: Job satisfaction leads to better performance and long-term career growth

- **Why?** Employees who are interested in their work are more likely to be committed to their responsibilities.
- **How?** They tend to work harder, develop new skills and take greater responsibility.
- **Result:** This can improve their performance and create better long-term career opportunities.
- **Example:** An employee who genuinely enjoys technology may spend extra time learning new programming skills, eventually gaining promotions and higher earning

30. People should be paid according to the amount of work they produce rather than the number of hours they work. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Paying according to output encourages productivity

- **Why?** Employees have a stronger incentive to complete tasks efficiently when their earnings are linked to their performance.
- **How?** Companies can reward workers based on the amount or quality of work they produce.
- **Result:** Employees may become more motivated and productive, while businesses can achieve greater efficiency.
- **Example:** A salesperson who receives commission based on the number of products sold may work harder to attract customers and increase sales.

Reason 2: Output-based pay is fairer for highly productive employees

- **Why?** Some employees can produce significantly more than others during the same number of working hours.

- How? Employers can assess measurable results rather than simply counting hours spent at the workplace.
- Result: Hard-working and efficient employees can receive higher rewards for their contribution.
- Example: A freelance graphic designer who completes ten high-quality designs in a week could reasonably earn more than another designer who produces only five during the same period.

31. Some people think that practical skills are more important than academic qualifications for finding employment. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

AGREE

Reason 1: Practical skills help people perform their jobs effectively

- **Why?** Employers need workers who can actually apply their knowledge to workplace situations.
- **How?** Practical skills such as communication, teamwork, problem-solving and technical abilities allow employees to handle real tasks.
- **Result:** Skilled workers can become productive more quickly and require less training.
- **Example:** A person applying for a graphic-design job who has a strong portfolio and practical experience may be more useful to an employer than someone with only a relevant academic degree.

Reason 2: Practical skills improve employability

- **Why?** The modern job market is highly competitive, and employers often look for evidence that candidates can perform specific tasks.
- **How?** Internships, vocational courses, apprenticeships and work experience allow young people to develop job-related abilities.
- **Result:** Candidates become more confident and have a greater chance of securing employment.
- **Example:** A student who completes an internship in a software company can gain programming and teamwork experience, making them more attractive to employers after graduation.

32. People should be encouraged to work beyond the normal retirement age. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

AGREE

Reason 1: Older workers can contribute valuable experience

- **Why?** Older employees have usually spent many years developing professional knowledge and practical skills.
- **How?** They can use their experience to solve problems and guide younger colleagues.
- **Result:** Companies can benefit from their expertise, while younger workers can learn from them.
- **Example:** An experienced manager can mentor younger employees and teach them how to handle difficult customers or workplace problems.

Reason 2: Working longer provides financial and social benefits

- **Why?** People who continue working can earn money for a longer period and remain socially active.
- **How?** Governments and employers can offer flexible hours or part-time positions to older workers.
- **Result:** Older people can maintain their financial independence and avoid becoming socially isolated.
- **Example:** A retired teacher could work part-time as a tutor, allowing them to earn additional income while continuing to use their professional skills.

33. Children should be encouraged to use computers from an early age because computer skills are essential for their future. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Early computer use develops essential skills

- **Why?** Computer literacy is becoming necessary in education and almost every modern workplace.
- **How?** Children can learn typing, using software, searching for information and creating digital content from an early age.
- **Result:** They become more confident with technology and are better prepared for their future studies and careers.
- **Example:** A child who learns basic word-processing and presentation software at school will find it easier to complete digital assignments and projects later.

Reason 2: Computers provide valuable learning opportunities

- **Why?** Computers give children access to a huge range of educational resources.
- **How?** They can use educational websites, online courses, digital libraries and interactive learning programmes.
- **Result:** Children can learn independently and develop problem-solving and research skills.
- **Example:** A student struggling with mathematics can use an interactive learning programme to practise difficult topics and receive immediate feedback.

34. Plastic shopping bags are a major source of pollution, so they should be banned. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Banning plastic bags can reduce environmental pollution

- **Why?** Plastic bags are often used only once and then thrown away.
- **How?** Governments can ban single-use plastic bags and encourage people to use reusable alternatives.
- **Result:** The amount of plastic waste entering streets, rivers and oceans can be significantly reduced.
- **Example:** If supermarkets replace plastic bags with reusable cloth or paper bags, customers are less likely to generate large amounts of single-use plastic waste.

Reason 2: Plastic bags seriously harm wildlife and ecosystems

- **Why?** Discarded plastic can remain in the environment for a very long time and can be eaten by animals.
- **How?** Plastic waste can enter rivers and oceans, where animals may swallow it or become trapped in it.
- **Result:** Banning plastic bags can help protect wildlife and maintain healthier ecosystems.
- **Example:** Sea turtles and other marine animals can mistake plastic waste for food, so reducing plastic entering waterways can lower the risk of injury or death.

35. Some people believe that dangerous sports such as skydiving and rock climbing should be banned. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: People should have freedom to choose recreational activities

- **Why?** Adults should have the freedom to decide how they spend their leisure time.
- **How?** If people understand the risks and follow safety rules, they can participate responsibly.
- **Result:** Banning these sports would unnecessarily restrict personal freedom and enjoyment.
- **Example:** For example, experienced skydivers can jump safely when they use certified equipment and follow instructions from trained professionals.

Reason 2: Strict safety regulations are a better solution than a ban

- **Why?** Most accidents can be reduced through proper training, equipment and supervision.
- **How?** Governments can require safety certificates, professional instructors, regular equipment checks and suitable protective gear.
- **Result:** People can enjoy these sports while the risk of serious accidents is significantly reduced.
- **Example:** For instance, rock-climbing centres can require helmets, safety harnesses and trained instructors before allowing beginners to climb.

36. Some people consider price to be the most important factor when buying a product or service. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Quality is more important than a low price

- **Why?** Cheap products may be poorly made and may not last long.
- **How?** Consumers who focus only on price may need to replace the product frequently.
- **Result:** A slightly more expensive but durable product can actually save money in the long run.
- **Example:** For example, someone may buy a cheap smartphone, but if it breaks after a year, they may have to purchase another one. A higher-quality phone could last for several years.

Reason 2: Suitability and safety are essential

- **Why?** A product must meet the consumer's needs and, in some cases, be safe to use.

- **How?** People often consider features, reliability, safety and after-sales service before making a purchase.
- **Result:** Choosing a suitable and reliable product can provide greater satisfaction than simply choosing the cheapest option.
- **Example:** For instance, when buying a child's car seat, parents are more likely to prioritise safety and quality rather than choosing the cheapest available product.

37. Students should be allowed to choose the subjects they study at school according to their interests. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Students become more motivated to study

- **Why?** Students are more interested in subjects they genuinely enjoy.
- **How?** When they can study topics they like, they are more likely to pay attention, participate in class and spend more time learning.
- **Result:** Their academic performance and overall learning experience can improve.
- **Example:** For example, a student who is passionate about computers may work harder and achieve better results if they are allowed to study computer science as an optional subject.

Reason 2: It helps students develop their strengths and future careers

- **Why?** Different students have different abilities and career goals.
- **How?** Subject choice allows them to focus on areas where they are talented and gradually develop useful skills.
- **Result:** They can make better career decisions and become more successful in their chosen fields.
- **Example:** For instance, a student who wants to become an architect could choose art and design, which would help them develop relevant creative skills.

38. It is better to work for a large company than for a small business. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Large companies offer better career opportunities

- **Why?** Large organisations usually have many departments and different positions.
- **How?** Employees can receive training, gain experience and apply for promotions within the company.
- **Result:** They can develop their skills and build a stronger long-term career.
- **Example:** For example, an employee in a large multinational company may start as a junior officer and gradually become a manager after receiving training and gaining experience.

Reason 2: Large companies often provide better benefits and job security

- **Why?** Large businesses generally have more financial resources than small companies.
- **How?** They can offer competitive salaries, bonuses, health benefits, paid holidays and other employee benefits.
- **Result:** Employees may enjoy greater financial stability and a better standard of living.
- **Example:** For instance, a large company may provide health insurance and retirement benefits that a small local business cannot afford.

39. People should stay in the same career for their entire working life rather than frequently changing jobs. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Changing jobs can lead to better career opportunities

- **Why?** People may find better salaries, positions or working environments in other companies.
- **How?** By changing jobs, employees can gain new experience, learn different skills and take on greater responsibilities.
- **Result:** They can achieve faster career growth and improve their financial situation.
- **Example:** For example, an employee may move from a small company to a multinational organisation and receive a higher salary and a managerial position.

Reason 2: Career changes help people discover their interests and develop new skills

- **Why?** People's interests and goals can change as they gain experience.
- **How?** Moving into a different field allows them to learn new skills and explore work that better matches their abilities.
- **Result:** They may become more satisfied and motivated in their professional lives.

- **Example:** For instance, someone who starts their career as an accountant may later discover an interest in marketing and move into that field, where they can use their communication and creative skills.

40. Artificial intelligence will eventually replace most human workers. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: AI cannot fully replace human creativity and decision-making

- **Why?** Many jobs require original ideas, critical thinking and complex decisions.
- **How?** AI mainly works by analysing existing information and patterns, whereas humans can understand unique situations and make decisions based on experience and values.
- **Result:** Professionals will still be needed for jobs that require creativity, judgement and responsibility.
- **Example:** For example, AI can help doctors analyse medical images, but doctors still need to decide on the most appropriate treatment for individual patients.

Reason 2: Many jobs require human interaction and emotional skills

- **Why?** Some professions depend heavily on empathy, communication and building relationships.
- **How?** Teachers, nurses, counselors and social workers need to understand people's emotions and respond appropriately to their individual needs.
- **Result:** AI may assist these workers, but it is unlikely to completely replace them.
- **Example:** For instance, an AI system can provide educational materials, but a teacher is still needed to motivate students, understand their difficulties and manage classroom relationships.

41. Governments should have greater control over social media platforms to protect society from harmful content. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Disagree

Reason 1: Greater government control can restrict freedom of speech

- **Why?** Governments may remove not only harmful content but also opinions that criticise government policies.
- **How?** If authorities have too much power over social media, they could use regulations to block political criticism or unpopular views.
- **Result:** People may become afraid to express their opinions, weakening freedom of expression.
- **Example:** For example, a government could label criticism of a public policy as “harmful” and order social media companies to remove such posts.

Reason 2: Social media companies can regulate content themselves

- **Why?** Most major platforms already have rules against hate speech, harassment, violence and misinformation.
- **How?** They can use content moderators, artificial intelligence and user-reporting systems to identify and remove harmful material.
- **Result:** This allows harmful content to be controlled without giving governments excessive power over online communication.
- **Example:** For instance, a platform can automatically detect violent or abusive posts and remove them according to its community guidelines.

42. Mental health should be considered just as important as physical health, and governments should allocate equal resources to both. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Mental health is essential for overall well-being

- **Why?** Mental health problems can affect people's ability to study, work and maintain relationships.
- **How?** Conditions such as severe anxiety or depression can reduce concentration, motivation and daily functioning.
- **Result:** If mental health is ignored, people's quality of life can decline significantly.
- **Example:** For example, a university student experiencing serious anxiety may struggle to concentrate on studies and perform well in examinations.

Reason 2: Equal funding can reduce the wider social and economic burden

- **Why?** Untreated mental health problems can lead to reduced productivity and increased demand for healthcare and social services.

- **How?** Governments can spend money on counselling, mental-health professionals, awareness programmes and early treatment.
- **Result:** Early support can help people recover and remain productive members of society.
- **Example:** For instance, providing free counselling services in schools and workplaces could help people receive treatment before their problems become more serious.

43. Parents should strictly limit the amount of time children spend using smartphones, computers and other digital devices. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Limiting screen time protects children's physical health

- **Why?** Spending too much time on digital devices can lead to a sedentary lifestyle and poor sleeping habits.
- **How?** Children who spend several hours looking at screens may spend less time exercising and may also use devices late at night.
- **Result:** They may suffer from tiredness, poor sleep and a lack of physical activity.
- **Example:** For example, a child who spends most of the evening playing games on a smartphone may sleep late and have little time for outdoor activities.

Reason 2: It helps children focus on education and other important activities

- **Why?** Excessive use of social media and games can distract children from their studies.
- **How?** Parents can set daily screen-time limits and encourage children to spend their free time reading, studying or interacting with family members.
- **Result:** Children can develop better concentration and maintain a healthier daily routine.
- **Example:** For instance, parents could allow their child to use a smartphone for two hours after completing homework and other responsibilities.

44. Governments should give priority to producing food domestically rather than relying on imported food. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

AGREE

Reason 1: Domestic production improves food security

- **Why?** Countries that rely heavily on imports can face shortages when international trade is disrupted.
- **How?** Problems such as wars, natural disasters, pandemics or transport disruptions can interrupt food supplies from other countries.
- **Result:** Producing more food locally ensures a more stable supply of essential foods.
- **Example:** For example, if a country depends on imported wheat and international supply chains are disrupted, local farmers can help maintain the domestic food supply.

Reason 2: It supports local farmers and the economy

- **Why?** Greater demand for locally produced food creates more opportunities for farmers and agricultural workers.
- **How?** Government support such as subsidies, modern farming technology and better storage facilities can increase domestic production.
- **Result:** Farmers can earn higher incomes, while rural communities and the wider economy can benefit.
- **Example:** For instance, a government could provide low-cost loans to farmers to purchase modern irrigation systems, allowing them to produce more crops and increase their income.

45. Schools should teach children how to manage money, including saving, investing and avoiding debt. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

AGREE

Reason 1: It teaches children responsible financial habits

- **Why?** Many young people do not know how to budget, save or control their spending.
- **How?** Schools can teach students how to create a budget, distinguish between needs and wants, and set savings goals.
- **Result:** They can develop good financial habits from an early age and become more financially responsible adults.
- **Example:** For example, students could be given a monthly budget in a classroom activity and asked to divide it between essential expenses, savings and leisure.

Reason 2: It helps students avoid debt and make better financial decisions

- **Why?** Poor financial decisions can lead to excessive borrowing and long-term debt.

- **How?** Schools can explain interest rates, loans, credit cards and basic investment options in simple terms.
- **Result:** Students will be better prepared to manage their finances when they become adults.
- **Example:** For instance, a student who understands how credit-card interest works may avoid borrowing more money than they can realistically repay

46. Living in large cities provides more advantages than disadvantages for people's quality of life. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Large cities provide better access to essential services

- **Why?** Major cities usually have more developed healthcare, education and public facilities.
- **How?** Residents can access specialist hospitals, universities, shopping centres and other services more easily.
- **Result:** This makes daily life more convenient and can improve people's overall quality of life.
- **Example:** For example, someone living in a major city can visit a specialised hospital or attend a well-equipped university without travelling to another region.

Reason 2: Cities offer more employment and career opportunities

- **Why?** Large cities are usually economic centres where many companies and industries are located.
- **How?** People can apply for jobs in different sectors and change employers more easily if they want better opportunities.
- **Result:** Higher employment prospects can lead to greater income and financial stability.
- **Example:** For instance, a graduate moving to a large city may find jobs in finance, technology or international companies that are unavailable in smaller towns.

47. Young people are spending less time outdoors than previous generations. To what extent do you agree or disagree that this is a negative development?

Agree

Reason 1: Less outdoor activity can harm physical health

- **Why?** Young people who spend most of their time indoors are often less physically active.
- **How?** They may spend hours using smartphones, computers or playing video games instead of walking, playing sports or exercising outdoors.
- **Result:** This can increase the risk of obesity, poor fitness and other health problems.
- **Example:** For example, a teenager who spends most of their free time playing games on a computer may get very little exercise during the day.

Reason 2: Outdoor activities improve social and emotional development

- **Why?** Young people need face-to-face interaction and exposure to different environments to develop social skills.
- **How?** Outdoor activities allow them to play with friends, communicate, cooperate and experience nature.
- **Result:** They can become more socially confident and emotionally balanced.
- **Example:** For instance, children who regularly play football in a park have opportunities to communicate with teammates, solve disagreements and develop teamwork skills.

48. Publishing detailed information about crimes in newspapers and on television can have harmful consequences and should therefore be restricted. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Detailed crime reports can harm victims and their families

- **Why?** Publishing personal and sensitive details can cause victims and their relatives additional emotional distress.
- **How?** Newspapers and television channels may repeatedly show graphic details, photographs or private information about a crime.
- **Result:** Victims may feel exposed, embarrassed or traumatised, even after the crime has ended.
- **Example:** For example, repeatedly broadcasting details about a violent incident can force the victim's family to relive the experience and attract unwanted public attention.

Reason 2: Excessive crime coverage can negatively influence society

- **Why?** Constant exposure to detailed reports about crimes can make people feel unnecessarily afraid and may sometimes provide criminals with ideas.
- **How?** Media outlets may focus heavily on the methods used by criminals because sensational stories attract more viewers and readers.
- **Result:** This can create public fear and potentially encourage copycat behaviour.
- **Example:** For instance, repeatedly describing exactly how a particular type of crime was carried out could give other individuals information that they could misuse.

49. The international community must act immediately to ensure that every country reduces its use of fossil fuels. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Reducing fossil fuels is essential to tackle climate change

- **Why?** Burning coal, oil and gas releases large amounts of greenhouse gases.
- **How?** These emissions trap heat in the atmosphere and contribute to rising temperatures and extreme weather.
- **Result:** Reducing fossil-fuel consumption can help slow climate change and reduce environmental damage.
- **Example:** For example, countries can replace coal-fired power plants with solar and wind energy to reduce carbon emissions.

Reason 2: Immediate international action can protect future generations

- **Why?** Environmental damage caused today can affect people's lives for decades.
- **How?** Governments can invest in renewable energy, electric transport and energy-efficient technologies instead of expanding fossil-fuel dependence.
- **Result:** Future generations can have cleaner air, more stable ecosystems and a more secure energy supply.
- **Example:** For instance, governments could expand electric public transport and build renewable-energy infrastructure, reducing both fossil-fuel consumption and urban air pollution.

50. In many countries, both men and women work full-time. Therefore, men and women should share household tasks equally. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Agree

Reason 1: Equal sharing creates fairness

- **Why?** Both partners spend similar amounts of time and energy working outside the home.
- **How?** They can divide cooking, cleaning, shopping and other household responsibilities according to their schedules.
- **Result:** Neither partner has to carry an unfair share of the domestic workload.
- **Example:** For example, one partner could cook dinner while the other cleans the house, and they could alternate these responsibilities on different days.

Reason 2: It reduces stress and improves family relationships

- **Why?** Working full-time and managing all household duties can be physically and mentally exhausting.
- **How?** Sharing domestic responsibilities gives both partners more time to rest and spend quality time together.
- **Result:** This can reduce arguments and create a healthier, more supportive family environment.
- **Example:** For instance, if both parents share childcare and housework after work, they can have more time to relax and interact with their children.



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